

# **SILICONE REMOVER**

PORCELAIN TILES, NATURAL STONE, MARBLE. **GLASS. METAL** 



ZERO SIL is suitable for removing residues of silicone, resin, glue, candle wax, adhesive tape, old labels and polyurethane foam from porcelain tiles, ceramic tiles, marble, glass and metal surfaces. It can also be used on stone, grout lines and other absorbent materials to remove surface residues.



#### **Packaging**

250 ml can: 12 pc carton.

### WARNINGS

Keep out of reach of children.
Do not disperse into the environment after use.

### **TEMPERATURES**

IEMPERALURES
Storage temperature: from 0° to 30°C.
The product should be applied to materials with temperature between 5° and 30°C.

## WHAT IT'S FOR

- Removes residues of silicone, glue, adhesive tape, old labels and polyurethane
- Also effective for removing candle wax, resin and greasy/oily stains in general.
- It is quick and handy to apply with the included spatula.
- · Effective also in removing tar and bitumen stains.

## ADVANTAGES

- · Can also be used on marble, stone, grouting joints and other absorbent materials to remove surface residues.
- · Gel-like consistency: acts directly on the residue you want to remove, thus optimising its effect and avoiding wastage.
- · Quick acting: it dissolves hardened silicone in 20 minutes.
- Has a pleasant citrus aroma.

## HOW TO USE IT

No dilution required: ready to use.

## **Application:**

- 1. If the residue is particularly stubborn, remove as much as you can with a sharpedged tool (box cutter, knife or other blade) taking care not to damage the surface.
- 2. Shake before use, then apply the product undiluted, so as to cover any silicone residue.
- 3. Leave to act for about 20 minutes.
- 4. Once the indicated time has elapsed, use the included spatula to scrape off the dissolved residue, then remove it with a cloth or kitchen towel.
- 5. If necessary, repeat the application and leave it to act for longer.
- 6. Clean the spatula thoroughly after use with a cloth or kitchen towel.

The product may dull methacrylate, plastic and coated surfaces and resin-based agglomerates, it should first be tested on these surfaces to verify their resistance. If the affected surface was treated with wax, the coating must be renewed.